

Question text	Response
As UPRN provides a precise identifier for a single location, reducing ambiguity, has OS emphasised central government to use UPRN which is more efficient for coordination, planning and delivery of services	As of 1st July 2020, GDS and the CDDO mandated the use of the UPRN and USRN for central government wherever property or street information is referenced. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/open-standards-for-government/identifying-property-and-street-information It means the UPRN is now the defacto identifier and the common language for properties across the public sector. The same for the USRN for street based information.
Is UPRN basically a TOID for building reference purposes?	The UPRN is a unique identifier for an addressable location. It is similar to Ordnance Surveys TOID, although TOIDs can be assigned to a multitude of different geographic features.
What property is UPRN #1 in the UK? 😊	Bristol City Council https://www.findmyaddress.co.uk/search?uprn=1
How does the UPRN work with locations that aren't buildings, eg a park	There are a range of geographic, addressable locations and features (such as parks) which are captured and assigned UPRNs, yet are not postally addressable i.e. receive mail. The local authority responsible for the park will typically capture this along with its official name, assigning it a UPRN and positioning its "point" at its visual or geographic centre.
Do UPRNs ever get reused / recycled at a different property?	No, never. UPRNs are unique and persistent, they stay with the property it has been assigned to.
Do you have individual UPRN's for static caravans in caravan sites?	Yes, although it depends if the local authority has capture the caravan in that way. Static caravan sites should be treated as dwellings and therefore assigned a UPRN if they are liable for council tax.
Using AddressBase we have access to UPRN and also this gives a classification of the address (dwelling for example). Within a given area if we count the number of unique UPRN that are classified as dwellings is this a was we can understand the count of dwelling etc?	Yes this is correct. You can use the classification to generate a count of the various property types within a given geographic area.

If a service depends on the service user to provide their address how can they determine the UPRN?	Through the use of a definitive address data product, typically powering address lookups and address searches: https://storymaps.arcgis.com/stories/e7567f6346d24513941fae0264d5dc0a It will also rely on your departmental software system being able to use address data correctly to hold the UPRN and allow you to search for an address.
If a district council wanted to get all the uprns within their district what would be the best way to go about this?	They can utilise the freely accessible data they have access to under the Public Sector Geospatial Agreement (PSGA) by accessing an address data product via the OS DataHub: https://osdatahub.os.uk/
Which sources are used from the devolved governments to provide UPRNS across GB and NI?	Address data is collected and contributed by all of the local planning authorities in England and Wales, plus the Scottish Improvement service, Northern Ireland Land & Property Services, the Isle of Man and Channel Islands
Critical barrier not able to integrate addresses in various systems in the Council by UPRN is the lack of adapting address format with national format.	This is a common issue. We have written a guide here: https://integration.geoplace.co.uk/kb/guide/en/how-to-handle-departments-not-wanting-to-adopt-the-official-address-street-name-LI2fPx46lG/Steps/3727260 Holding the UPRN in these cases is paramount, especially if the "official" address is not utilised.
What's the difference between AddressBase and Gazetteer?	OS AddressBase is a data product published by Ordnance survey which each local authority's Local Land & Property Gazetteer (LLPG) helps create and forms part of. More information can be found here: https://storymaps.arcgis.com/stories/e7567f6346d24513941fae0264d5dc0a
Is there a cost associated with the Address data integration report? Don't want to request it and then get charged! 😬	No, there is no cost - please email support@geoplace.co.uk to request yours.